

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations (WHMIS 2015) Revision Date: 01/30/20

Version: 2.2

## **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

**Product Identifier** 

Product Name: Anhydrous Ammonia

Synonyms: Ammonia

Intended Use of the Product Not available

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

LSB Chemical L.L.C. 1080 Industrial Drive Cherokee, AL 35616

T (256) 359-7000 - F (256) 359-4450

**Emergency Telephone Number** 

Emergency number : (256) 359-7000, (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC, 24 hours)

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## **Classification of the Substance or Mixture**

## Classification (GHS-US)

Flam. Gas 2 H221 Compressed gas H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas) H331 Skin Corr. 1B H314 Eve Dam. 1 H318 STOT SE 3 H335 H400 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

## **Label Elements GHS-US Labeling**

**Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)** 











Signal Word (GHS-US)

**Hazard Statements (GHS-US)** 

: Danger

: H221 - Flammable gas

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US): P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, spray, gas.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P280 - Wear gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, respiratory

P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

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comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P311 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4).

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

P391 - Collect spillage.

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P405 - Store locked up.

P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to local, regional, national, territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

#### **Other Hazards**

**Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification**: Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Flammable vapors can accumulate in head space of closed systems. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### **Substances**

### **Mixture**

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Ammonia	(CAS No) 7664-41-7	99.5	Flam. Gas 2, H221
			Compressed gas, H280
			Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331
			Skin Corr. 1B, H314
			Eye Dam. 1, H318
			STOT SE 3, H335
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	0.4	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

## **Description of First Aid Measures**

**General:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If frostbite or freezing occurs, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water to GENTLY warm the affected area. Do not use hot water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

**Inhalation:** When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call for medical assistance.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call for medical assistance. Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area.

**Eye Contact:** Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call for medical assistance. If frostbite or freezing occurs, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water to GENTLY warm the affected area. Do not use hot water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call for medical assistance.

## Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

**General:** Toxic if swallowed. Corrosive. Causes burns. May cause frostbite on contact with the liquid. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

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**Inhalation:** Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation may cause immediate severe irritation progressing quickly to chemical burns.

Skin Contact: Corrosive. Causes burns. Contact with the liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Contact with the liquefied gas causes frostbite.

Ingestion: Contact may cause immediate severe irritation progressing quickly to chemical burns. Ingestion is likely to be harmful or

have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Not available

#### Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

#### **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

## **Extinguishing Media**

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire. Do not use water directly on liquid ammonia.

#### **Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture**

Fire Hazard: Flammable gas. Will burn in the range of 16-25% in air.

**Explosion Hazard:** May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity: Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapors. Toxic Gas. May be corrosive to metals.

## **Advice for Firefighters**

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

**Firefighting Instructions:** In case of leaking gas fire, eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

**Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Corrosive vapors. Toxic fumes are released. Nitrogen oxides.

**Other information:** Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Use water spray to disperse vapors. Do not use water directly on liquid ammonia.

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## <u>Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures</u>

**General Measures:** Use special care to avoid static electric charges. Eliminate every possible source of ignition. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No smoking. Do not allow product to spread into the environment. Do NOT breathe (vapors, mist, spray, gas). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

## For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### **For Emergency Personnel**

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

#### Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

**For Containment:** As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use only non-sparking tools. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Stop the source of the release, if safe to do so. Consider the use of water spray to disperse vapors. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate and gas test area before entering. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

#### **Reference to Other Sections**

See section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

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## **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## **Precautions for Safe Handling**

**Additional Hazards When Processed:** Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Flammable gas. Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers. When heated to decomposition, emits toxic fumes. Corrosive vapors are released. Copper, silver, cadmium, zinc, alloys, and other reactive metals must not be used in ammonia systems as they can be rapidly corroded. Use only non-sparking tools. Contact with the liquefied gas may cause frostbite.

Handling Temperature: < 48.9 °C (<120°F)

**Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Do no eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and forearms thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## **Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities**

**Technical Measures:** Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Comply with applicable regulations. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment. Copper, silver, cadmium, zinc, alloys, and other reactive metals must not be used in ammonia systems as they can be rapidly corroded.

**Storage Conditions:** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep in fireproof place. Store locked up. Keep/Store away from extremely high or low temperatures, direct sunlight, heat, ignition sources, incompatible materials.

**Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Halogenated compounds. Halogens (F, Cl, Br, I). Metals. Metal salts. Reactive metals (Al, K, Zn ...). Water in contact with the liquid.

**Storage Temperature:** < 48.9 °C (<120°F)

**Specific End Use(s)** Not available

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## **Control Parameters**

Ammonia (7664-41-7)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	18 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Mexico	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	27 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Mexico	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	35 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	18 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	25 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m³)	27 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	35 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	300 ppm
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	24 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alberta	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	17 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Alberta	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
British Columbia	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
British Columbia	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Manitoba	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Manitoba	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	24 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	17 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm

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Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	24 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	17 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	24 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	17 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Ontario	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Québec	VECD (mg/m³)	24 mg/m³
Québec	VECD (ppm)	35 ppm
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	17 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP (ppm)	25 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	30 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	40 ppm
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	18 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL TWA (ppm)	25 ppm

## **Exposure Controls**

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases/vapors may be released. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Use explosion-proof equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment: Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing.









**Materials for Protective Clothing:** Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Corrosion-proof clothing.

**Hand Protection:** Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. Insulated gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or face shield.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: Use a NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established

Occupational Exposure Limits.

**Thermal Hazard Protection:** Wear suitable protective clothing. **Other Information:** When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

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## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties** 

Physical State: GasAppearance: ColorlessOdor: Pungent

Odor Threshold: Approximately 5 ppmpH: 11.6 (1N Solution of water)

Relative Evaporation Rate (butylacetate=1)

Melting Point
: -72.72 °C (-107.9°F)
Freezing Point
: Not available

Boiling Point
: -29.9 (-28.1°F)
Flash Point
: Not available

Auto-ignition Temperature:Not availableDecomposition Temperature:Not availableFlammability (solid, gas):Not available

**Vapor Pressure** : 4802.9 mm Hg @15.56°C (60°F)

Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C : 0.6 @0°C (32°F) Air=1

**Relative Density** : Not available

**Specific Gravity** : 0.62 @15.56°C (60°F) water=1

**Solubility** : High.

Viscosity : Not available
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact : Not available
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge : Not available

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity: Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapors. Toxic Gas. May be corrosive to metals.

Chemical Stability: Flammable gas.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Halogenated compounds. Halogens. Reactive metals (Al, K,

Zn). Water in contact with the liquid.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapors. Explosive

hydrogen gas. Nitrogen oxides.

## **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Information on Toxicological Effects - Product**

Acute Toxicity: Toxic if inhaled.

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. pH: 11.6 (1N Solution of water)

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage. pH: 11.6 (1N Solution of water)

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

**Teratogenicity:** Not available **Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Potential Adverse Human Health Effects and Symptoms: Toxic if inhaled.

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**Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:** Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation may cause immediate severe irritation progressing quickly to chemical burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Corrosive. Causes burns. Contact with the liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Contact with the liquefied gas causes frostbite.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion:** Contact may cause immediate severe irritation progressing quickly to chemical burns. Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

#### LD50 and LC50 Data:

Water (7732-18-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 90000 mg/kg
Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
LD50 Oral Rat	350 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat (mg/l)	5.1 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)
LC50 Inhalation Rat (ppm)	2000 ppm/4h (Exposure time: 4 h)

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Toxicity**

Ecology - General: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
LC50 Fish 1	0.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	25.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC 50 Fish 2	0.26 - 4.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus)

## **Persistence and Degradability**

Anhydrous Ammonia	
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

#### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Anhydrous Ammonia	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.
Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
Ammonia (7664-41-7)	

Mobility in Soil Not available

## **Other Adverse Effects**

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Additional Information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology – Waste Materials: This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

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## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

14.1 In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS

Hazard Class : 2.2 Identification Number : UN1005 Label Codes : 2.2

Marine Pollutant : Marine pollutant

ERG Number : 125

14.2 In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS

Hazard Class : 2.3
Identification Number : UN1005
Label Codes : 2.3,8
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-C
EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-U

Marine pollutant : Marine pollutant

14.3 In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS

Identification Number : UN1005

Hazard Class : 2 Label Codes : 2.3,8 ERG Code (IATA) : 2CP

14.4 In Accordance with TDG

Proper Shipping Name : ANHYDROUS AMMONIA

Hazard Class : 2.3 Identification Number : UN1005 Label Codes : 2.3,8

Marine Pollutant (TDG) : Marine pollutant









## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## **US Federal Regulations**

Anhydrous Ammonia	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard
	Immediate (acute) health hazard
	Sudden release of pressure hazard

## Water (7732-18-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

### Ammonia (7664-41-7)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on SARA Section 302 (Specific toxic chemical listings)

Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)	
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard
	Immediate (acute) health hazard
	Sudden release of pressure hazard
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 % (includes anhydrous Ammonia and aqueous Ammonia from
	water dissociable Ammonium salts and other sources, 10% of total
	aqueous Ammonia is reportable under this listing)

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## **US State Regulations**

#### Ammonia (7664-41-7)

- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Acute
- U.S. California SCAQMD Toxic Air Contaminants Non-Cancer Chronic
- U.S. California Toxic Air Contaminant List (AB 1807, AB 2728)
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (30 min)
- U.S. Connecticut Hazardous Air Pollutants HLVs (8 hr)
- U.S. Connecticut Water Quality Standards Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Connecticut Water Quality Standards Acute Saltwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Connecticut Water Quality Standards Chronic Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Connecticut Water Quality Standards Chronic Saltwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Delaware Accidental Release Prevention Regulations Sufficient Quantities
- U.S. Delaware Accidental Release Prevention Regulations Threshold Quantities
- U.S. Delaware Accidental Release Prevention Regulations Toxic Endpoints
- U.S. Delaware Pollutant Discharge Requirements Reportable Quantities
- U.S. Florida Essential Chemicals List
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Acceptable Ambient Concentrations
- U.S. Idaho Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants Emission Levels (ELs)
- U.S. Idaho Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Louisiana Reportable Quantity List for Pollutants
- U.S. Maine Air Pollutants Criteria Pollutants
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Ambient Limits (AALs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Allowable Threshold Concentrations (ATCs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Groundwater Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Reportable Quantity
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 1
- U.S. Massachusetts Oil & Hazardous Material List Soil Reportable Concentration Reporting Category 2
- RTK U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Massachusetts Threshold Effects Exposure Limits (TELs)
- U.S. Massachusetts Toxics Use Reduction Act
- U.S. Michigan Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Michigan Polluting Materials List
- U.S. Michigan Process Safety Management Highly Hazardous Chemicals
- U.S. Minnesota Chemicals of High Concern
- U.S. Minnesota Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Minnesota Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) 24-Hour
- U.S. New Hampshire Regulated Toxic Air Pollutants Ambient Air Levels (AALs) Annual
- U.S. New Jersey Discharge Prevention List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. New Jersey Environmental Hazardous Substances List
- RTK U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. New Jersey Special Health Hazards Substances List
- U.S. New Jersey TCPA Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances (EHS)
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Ground Water Quality Criteria
- U.S. New Jersey Water Quality Practical Quantitation Levels (PQLs)
- U.S. New Mexico Precursor Chemicals
- U.S. New York Occupational Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. New York Reporting of Releases Part 597 List of Hazardous Substances
- U.S. North Carolina Control of Toxic Air Pollutants
- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 1-Hour

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- U.S. North Dakota Air Pollutants Guideline Concentrations 8-Hour
- U.S. Ohio Accidental Release Prevention Threshold Quantities
- U.S. Ohio Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Quantities
- U.S. Oregon Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Oregon Precursor Chemicals
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- RTK U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 1-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels 24-Hour
- U.S. Rhode Island Air Toxics Acceptable Ambient Levels Annual
- U.S. Rhode Island Water Quality Standards Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Rhode Island Water Quality Standards Acute Saltwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Rhode Island Water Quality Standards Chronic Freshwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Rhode Island Water Quality Standards Chronic Saltwater Aquatic Life Criteria
- U.S. Tennessee Occupational Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Long Term
- U.S. Texas Effects Screening Levels Short Term
- U.S. Vermont Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Virginia Water Quality Standards Acute Freshwater Aquatic Life
- U.S. Virginia Water Quality Standards Acute Saltwater Aquatic Life
- U.S. Virginia Water Quality Standards Chronic Freshwater Aquatic Life
- U.S. Virginia Water Quality Standards Chronic Saltwater Aquatic Life
- U.S. Virginia Water Quality Standards Public Water Supply Effluent Limits
- U.S. Virginia Water Quality Standards Surface Waters Not Used for the Public Water Supply Effluent Limits
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits STELs
- U.S. Washington Permissible Exposure Limits TWAs
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 25 Feet to Less Than 40 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 40 Feet to Less Than 75 Feet
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights 75 Feet or Greater
- U.S. Wisconsin Hazardous Air Contaminants All Sources Emissions From Stack Heights Less Than 25 Feet
- U.S. Wyoming Process Safety Management Highly Hazardous Chemicals
- U.S. Alaska Water Quality Standards Acute Aquatic Life Criteria for Fresh Water
- U.S. Alaska Water Quality Standards Chronic Aquatic Life Criteria for Fresh Water
- U.S. Alaska Water Quality Standards Acute Aquatic Life Criteria for Marine Water
- U.S. Alaska Water Quality Standards Chronic Aquatic Life Criteria for Marine Water
- U.S. Alaska Ambient Air Quality Standards

## **Canadian Regulations**

Anhydrous Ammonia	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas
	Class A - Compressed Gas
	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects
	Class E - Corrosive Material









## Water (7732-18-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

WHMIS Classification Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

January 2020 EN (English US) 10/11

Safety Data Sheet

According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations (WHMIS 2015)

Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.	
Listed on the Canadian Ingre	dient Disclosure List
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas
	Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas
	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects
	Class E - Corrosive Material

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

**Revision date** : 01/30/2020

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### **GHS Full Text Phrases**:

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure Compressed gas
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Flam. Gas 2	Flammable gases Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H221	Flammable gas
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA Health Hazard : 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or

residual injury even though prompt medical attention was

given.

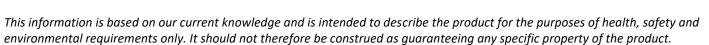
NFPA Fire Hazard : 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.

NFPA Reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.

## Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

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North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS



